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	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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Ι	DEBORAH STAMPFLI, an individual,	No. 2:20-cv-01566 WBS DMC
	Plaintiff,	
	V.	ORDER RE: PLAINTIFF'S MOTIO
	SUSANVILLE SANITARY DISTRICT, a	FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES <sup>1</sup>
	political subdivision of the State of California; STEVE J.	
(	STUMP, in his individual and official capacities; JOHN	
(	MURRAY, in his individual and official capacities; ERNIE	
(	PETERS, in his individual and official capacities; DAVID	
(	FRENCH, in his individual and official capacities; KIM ERB, in	
(	his individual and official capacities; MARTY HEATH, in his	
(	individual and official capacities; DOES I-V, inclusive;	
á	BLACK & WHITE CORPORATIONS I-V; and ABLE & BAKER COMPANIES,	
]	inclusive,	
	Defendants.	
-	$^{1}$ The motion is decided o	n the papers without oral

<sup>28 2025</sup> hearing on the motion is hereby VACATED.

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On May 16, 2024, the Ninth Circuit affirmed this court's order, which denied qualified immunity to defendant Steve Stump and granted plaintiff's request for partial summary judgment. (Docket No. 136.) The Ninth Circuit also granted plaintiff's request for attorney's fees incurred on appeal, but denied her request for attorney's fees incurred in the district court without prejudice to seeking those fees before this court. (Docket No. 152.) Plaintiff now requests both the attorney's fees incurred on appeal and those incurred in the district court up to this point in the litigation. (Docket No. 154.)

## I. District Court Fees

It is premature to address attorney's fees incurred in the district court as the dispositive motion deadline has not even passed, nor has there been a final disposition on the merits. The motion appears to presume that plaintiff is a prevailing party. However, neither this court nor the Ninth Circuit has determined that plaintiff is a prevailing party for purposes of attorney's fees in the district court.

This court's order, which was affirmed by the Ninth Circuit, did not grant summary judgment in favor of plaintiff on the procedural due process claim; rather, the order granted partial summary judgment, concluding only that plaintiff was not an at-will employee and had procedural due process protections. (Docket No. 113.) This limited finding did not "[alter] the legal relationship of the parties" and certainly does not constitute a "judgment on the merits" entitling plaintiff to attorney's fees. See Buckhannon Bd. & Care Home, Inc. v. W.

Virginia Dep't of Health & Hum. Res., 532 U.S. 598, 605 (2001).

Because plaintiff has not acquired prevailing party status, the request for fees incurred in the district court will be denied. Plaintiff may renew her request for district court fees at the appropriate time if and when the issue of attorneys' fees in this court becomes ripe.

## II. Ninth Circuit Fees

The fees incurred on appeal are appropriate to address at this stage given the Ninth Circuit's order, which instructed this court to determine the reasonable amount of plaintiff's attorneys' fees incurred on appeal. (Docket No. 152.) However, this issue is separate from the issue of district court fees discussed above. Prevailing party status on appeal is based on the relative success of the appellate litigation, see Corder v. Gates, 104 F.3d 247, 248-50 (9th Cir. 1996), while prevailing party status in the district court depends on whether relief on the merits has been awarded, see Buckhannon, 532 U.S. at 605.

While plaintiff has not achieved prevailing party status at the district court level, she was the prevailing party on appeal. Accordingly, the only attorneys' fees she is entitled to at this juncture are fees incurred in defending defendants' appeal before the Ninth Circuit. Yet plaintiff's motion commingles the requests for fees incurred in both courts. The billing records provided fail to differentiate between hours incurred in the district court, hours incurred in the appellate court, and hours incurred in preparing the fees motion. It is not up to the court to scrutinize plaintiff's billing records line by line in an attempt to discern which items are relevant to

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the request for appellate fees.

Accordingly, the request for fees incurred on appeal will be denied without prejudice. Plaintiff may file a new request for attorney's fees incurred on appeal that provides argument and documentation addressing only the appellate fees.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that plaintiff's motion for attorney's fees (Docket No. 154) be, and the same hereby is, DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

Dated: December 17, 2024

WILLIAM B. SHUBB

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE